AMENDED IN SENATE SEPTEMBER 4, 2001 AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 12, 2001 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 16, 2001

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2001-02 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 901

Introduced by Assembly Member Daucher (Coauthors: Assembly Members Calderon, Robert Pacheco, and Pavley)

(Coauthor: Senator Bowen)

February 23, 2001

An act to amend Sections 10610.2 and 10631 of, and to add Section 10634 to, the Water Code, relating to water.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 901, as amended, Daucher. Water supply planning. The

(1) The Urban Water Management Planning Act requires urban water suppliers to prepare and adopt urban water management plans for submission to the Department of Water Resources. The act requires those plans to include specified information. The act makes findings and declarations relating to urban water management planning.

This bill would require the plans to include information, to the extent practicable, relating to the quality of existing sources of water available to an urban water supplier over given time periods, and the manner in which water quality affects water management strategies and supply reliability. The bill would make additional findings and declarations relating to water quality.

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(2) This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 10631 of the Water Code proposed by SB 610, to be operative only if this bill and SB 610 are enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2002, each bill amends Section 10631 of the Water Code, and this bill is enacted last.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 10610.2 of the Water Code is amended 2 to read:
 - The Legislature finds and declares all of the 10610.2. following:
 - (a) The waters of the state are a limited and renewable resource subject to ever-increasing demands.
 - (b) The conservation and efficient use of urban water supplies are of statewide concern; however, the planning for that use and the implementation of those plans can best be accomplished at the local level.
 - (c) A long-term, reliable supply of water is essential to protect the productivity of California's businesses and economic climate.
- (d) As part of its long-range planning activities, every urban 14 water supplier should make every effort to ensure the appropriate level of reliability in its water service sufficient to meet the needs of its various categories of customers during normal, dry, and multiple dry water years.
- (e) Public health issues have been raised over a number of contaminants that have been identified in certain local and 20 imported water supplies.
 - (f) Implementing effective water management strategies, including groundwater storage projects and recycled water projects, may require specific water quality and salinity targets for meeting groundwater basins water quality objectives and promoting beneficial use of recycled water.
 - (g) Water quality regulations are becoming an increasingly important factor in water agencies' selection of raw water sources, treatment alternatives, and modifications to existing treatment facilities.

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(h) Changes in drinking water quality standards may also impact the usefulness of water supplies and may ultimately impact supply reliability.

- (i) The quality of source supplies can have a significant impact on water management strategies and supply reliability.
- (2) This part is intended to provide assistance to water agencies in carrying out their long-term resource planning responsibilities to ensure adequate water supplies to meet existing and future demands for water.
- SEC. 2. Section 10631 of the Water Code is amended to read: 10631. A plan shall be adopted in accordance with this chapter and shall do all of the following:
- (a) Describe the service area of the supplier, including current and projected population, climate, and other demographic factors affecting the supplier's water management planning. The projected population estimates shall be based upon data from the state, regional, or local service agency population projections within the service area of the urban water supplier and shall be in five-year increments to 20 years or as far as data is available.
- (b) Identify and quantify, to the extent practicable, the existing and planned sources of water available to the supplier over the same five-year increments described in subdivision (a).
- (c) Describe the reliability of the water supply and vulnerability to seasonal or climatic shortage, to the extent practicable, and provide data for each of the following:
 - (1) An average water year.

- (2) A single dry water year.
- (3) Multiple dry water years.

For any water source that may not be available at a consistent level of use, given specific legal, environmental, water quality, or climatic factors, describe plans to supplement or replace that source with alternative sources or water demand management measures, to the extent practicable.

- (d) Describe the opportunities for exchanges or transfers of water on a short-term or long-term basis.
- (e) (1) Quantify, to the extent records are available, past and current water use, over the same five-year increments described in subdivision (a), and projected water use, identifying the uses among water use sectors including, but not necessarily limited to, all of the following uses:

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- 1 (A) Single-family residential.
- 2 (B) Multifamily.
- 3 (C) Commercial.
- 4 (D) Industrial.
- 5 (E) Institutional and governmental.
- 6 (F) Landscape.
- 7 (G) Sales to other agencies.
- (H) Saline water intrusion barriers, groundwater recharge, or conjunctive use, or any combination thereof.
- 10 (I) Agricultural.

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- (2) The water use projections shall be in the same five-year increments described in subdivision (a). 12
- (f) Provide a description of the supplier's water demand 14 management measures. This description shall include all of the following:
- 16 (1) A description of each water demand management measure that is currently being implemented, or scheduled for 17 implementation, including the steps necessary to implement any proposed measures, including, but not limited to, all of the 19 20 following:
- 21 (A) Water survey programs for single-family residential and 22 multifamily residential customers.
 - (B) Residential plumbing retrofit.
 - (C) System water audits, leak detection, and repair.
- 25 (D) Metering with commodity rates for all new connections 26 and retrofit of existing connections.
 - (E) Large landscape conservation programs and incentives.
 - (F) High-efficiency washing machine rebate programs.
- 29 (G) Public information programs.
- 30 (H) School education programs.
- 31 (I) Conservation programs for commercial, industrial, and institutional accounts. 32
- 33 (J) Wholesale agency programs.
- 34 (K) Conservation pricing.
 - (L) Water conservation coordinator.
- (M) Water waste prohibition. 36
- (N) Residential ultra-low-flush toilet replacement programs. 37
- (2) A schedule of implementation for all water demand 38
- management measures proposed or described in the plan.

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(3) A description of the methods, if any, that the supplier will use to evaluate the effectiveness of water demand management measures implemented or described under the plan.

- (4) An estimate, if available, of existing conservation savings on water use within the supplier's service area, and the effect of the savings on the supplier's ability to further reduce demand.
- (g) An evaluation of each water demand management measure listed in paragraph (1) of subdivision (f) that is not currently being implemented or scheduled for implementation. In the course of the evaluation, first consideration shall be given to water demand management measures, or combination of measures, that offer lower incremental costs than expanded or additional water supplies. This evaluation shall do all of the following:
- (1) Take into account economic and noneconomic factors, including environmental, social, health, customer impact, and technological factors.
- (2) Include a cost-benefit analysis, identifying total benefits and total costs.
- (3) Include a description of funding available to implement any planned water supply project that would provide water at a higher unit cost.
- (4) Include a description of the water supplier's legal authority to implement the measure and efforts to work with other relevant agencies to ensure the implementation of the measure and to share the cost of implementation.
- (h) Urban water suppliers that are members of the California Urban Water Conservation Council and submit annual reports to that council in accordance with the "Memorandum of Understanding Regarding Urban Water Conservation in California," dated September 1991, may submit the annual reports identifying water demand management measures currently being implemented, or scheduled for implementation, to satisfy the requirements of subdivisions (f) and (g).
- SEC. 2.5. Section 10631 of the Water Code is amended to read:
- 36 10631. A plan shall be adopted in accordance with this chapter and shall do all of the following:
 - (a) Describe the service area of the supplier, including current and projected population, climate, and other demographic factors affecting the supplier's water management planning. The

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projected population estimates shall be based upon data from the state, regional, or local service agency population projections within the service area of the urban water supplier and shall be in five-year increments to 20 years or as far as data is available.

- (b) Identify and quantify, to the extent practicable, the existing and planned sources of water available to the supplier over the same five-year increments as described in subdivision (a). If groundwater is identified as an existing and planned source of water available to the supplier, all of the following information shall be included in the plan:
- (1) A copy of any groundwater management plan adopted by the urban water supplier, including plans adopted pursuant to Part 2.75 (commencing with Section 10750), or any other specific authorization for groundwater management.
- (2) A description of any groundwater basin or basins from which the urban water supplier pumps groundwater. For those basins for which a court or the board has adjudicated the rights to pump groundwater, a copy of the order or decree adopted by the court or the board and a description of the amount of groundwater the urban water supplier has the legal right to pump under the order or decree. For basins that have not been adjudicated, information as to whether the department has identified the basin or basins as overdrafted or has projected that the basin will become overdrafted if present management conditions continue, in the most current official departmental bulletin that characterizes the condition of the groundwater basin, and a detailed description of the efforts being undertaken by the urban water supplier to eliminate the long-term overdraft condition.
- (3) A detailed description and analysis of the amount and location of groundwater pumped by the urban water supplier for the past five years. The description and analysis shall be based on information that is reasonably available, including, but not limited to, historic use records.
- (4) A detailed description and analysis of the amount and location of groundwater that is projected to be pumped by the urban water supplier. The description and analysis shall be based 36 on information that is reasonably available, including, but not limited to. historic use records.

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(c) Describe the reliability of the water supply and vulnerability to seasonal or climatic shortage, to the extent practicable, and provide data for each of the following:

- (1) An average water year.
- (2) A single dry water year.
- (3) Multiple dry water years.

For any water source that may not be available at a consistent level of use, given specific legal, environmental, water quality, or climatic factors, describe plans to supplement or replace that 10 source with alternative sources or water demand management measures, to the extent practicable.

- (d) Describe the opportunities for exchanges or transfers of water on a short-term or long-term basis.
- (e) (1) Quantify, to the extent records are available, past and current water use, over the same five-year increments described in subdivision (a), and projected water use, identifying the uses among water use sectors including, but not necessarily limited to, all of the following uses:
 - (A) Single-family residential.
- 20 (B) Multifamily.
- 21 (C) Commercial.
- 22 (D) Industrial.

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- 23 (E) Institutional and governmental.
- 24 (F) Landscape.
- 25 (G) Sales to other agencies.
 - (H) Saline water intrusion barriers, groundwater recharge, or conjunctive use, or any combination thereof.
 - (I) Agricultural.
- (2) The water use projections shall be in the same five-year 30 increments as described in subdivision (a).
 - (f) Provide a description of the supplier's water demand management measures. This description shall include all of the following:
 - (1) A description of each water demand management measure that is currently being implemented, or scheduled for implementation, including the steps necessary to implement any proposed measures, including, but not limited to, all of the following:
- 39 (A) Water survey programs for single-family residential and multifamily residential customers.

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- 1 (B) Residential plumbing retrofit.
- 2 (C) System water audits, leak detection, and repair.
- 3 (D) Metering with commodity rates for all new connections 4 and retrofit of existing connections.
 - (E) Large landscape conservation programs and incentives.
 - (F) High-efficiency washing machine rebate programs.
- 7 (G) Public information programs.
- 8 (H) School education programs.
- 9 (I) Conservation programs for commercial, industrial, and 10 institutional accounts.
 - (J) Wholesale agency programs.
- 12 (K) Conservation pricing.

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- 13 (L) Water conservation coordinator.
 - (M) Water waste prohibition.
- 15 (N) Residential ultra-low-flush toilet replacement programs.
 - (2) A schedule of implementation for all water demand management measures proposed or described in the plan.
 - (3) A description of the methods, if any, that the supplier will use to evaluate the effectiveness of water demand management measures implemented or described under the plan.
 - (4) An estimate, if available, of existing conservation savings on water use within the supplier's service area, and the effect of such the savings on the supplier's ability to further reduce demand.
 - (g) An evaluation of each water demand management measure listed in paragraph (1) of subdivision (f) that is not currently being implemented or scheduled for implementation. In the course of the evaluation, first consideration shall be given to water demand management measures, or combination of measures, that offer lower incremental costs than expanded or additional water supplies. This evaluation shall do all of the following:
 - (1) Take into account economic and noneconomic factors, including environmental, social, health, customer impact, and technological factors.
 - (2) Include a cost-benefit analysis, identifying total benefits and total costs.
 - (3) Include a description of funding available to implement any planned water supply project that would provide water at a higher unit cost.
- 39 (4) Include a description of the water supplier's legal authority 40 to implement the measure and efforts to work with other relevant

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agencies to ensure the implementation of the measure and to share the cost of implementation.

(h) Urban water suppliers that are members of the California Urban Water Conservation Council and submit annual reports to that council in accordance with the "Memorandum of Understanding Regarding Urban Water Conservation in California," dated September 1991, may submit the annual reports identifying water demand management measures currently being implemented, or scheduled for implementation, to satisfy the requirements of subdivisions (f) and (g).

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- SEC. 3. Section 10634 is added to the Water Code, to read: 10634. The plan shall include information, to the extent practicable, relating to the quality of existing sources of water available to the supplier over the same five-year increments as described in subdivision (a) of Section 10631, and the manner in which water quality affects water management strategies and supply reliability.
- SEC. 4. Section 2.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to Section 10631 of the Water Code proposed by both this bill and SB 610. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2002, (2) each bill amends Section 10631 of the Water Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after SB 610, in which case Section 2 of this bill shall not become operative.